

"Žižkov Skyline' is the new landmark residential project in Prague. The ambitious program of 1300 residential units, retail, services and a new kindergarten fill massive buildings with towers, that embrace a green urban courtyard. Special attention was given to the ground floor experience and the public and semi-public spaces. The laxish green areas around the buildings as well as the roots—the 5th facaled rethe complies—brosts avaiety of lisieurs sports and represidential functions.

This part of Prague experiences a complete transformation in the coming years. Central Park Praha and Residence Garden Towers already established he identify of the neighbourhood. These developments are to be complemented in the future by several projects replacing the former rall yerds: 20xov 20x0 rather parknow 20x1 and Residence Nataria 20x0vv. 20x0v. 10x0v. 10x1 be the flashish amont these proised.

1300 residential units, shops and services and a kindergarten shall be located on site. The combination of towers and an urbam countyard creates storing visual identity for the project communicating with the water are as well as the immediate neighbourhood, while providing a protected enriemment for residents. Towersto Cisarekia a small piezza is created with shops and services, where the trans stops. By the gentle move backwards of the horizontal building volumes, the main thore at the corn or of the plot gate a storing visual account. The street-level and the public piezza connect by stairs. Catés, delicatessen, a aupomarket, specially kilchen may be located here, whereas towards the innor countyeard the ground floor commercial area may accommodate health

site. It is served by a limited access road, while along Olsanskid, a drop-off zone is dedicated for parents. Along the cemetery wall and the planned bicycle parts and prove accommodate outdoor activity zones, a fitness park, sports and play series. The landscaped riner countyard is a relating recreational area for the residents with rich vegalation. On the profotory between excess roundscapes and restrict the residents with rich vegalation. On the profotory store are community rounds, recreating the profotory and restrict the restr

Two large building volumes accommodate the development program: a solilary tower and a countyed building with high-rises at both ends. The magniturburs is brothen up in its spentile building. Each building accommodate a community sharing sociatively used decidates on the ord terraces. The scalptural form and the large scale make the project a landmark. This design of the publicly accessible area opens up towards Clisterials, while last work of the public of the public and project and the landscaping provide a pleasant human scale for the project. The ground floor shop windows have dedicated signage to facilitate the architectural integrity.

buildings have solid surface punctuated by openings. The distinfun colours selected blend into the filed notline view of the city from a distance. A apartments have loggies. The south facing ground floor apartments have terraces in the inner courtyard, while apartments along the green park area hav their exclusive gardens ferred off from the commons by vegetation and solid screens.



rban fabric - area undergoing transformation



tižkov City, Residence Parková Čtvrť and Residence Jadraží Žižkov. Žižkov Skyline is aimed to be the

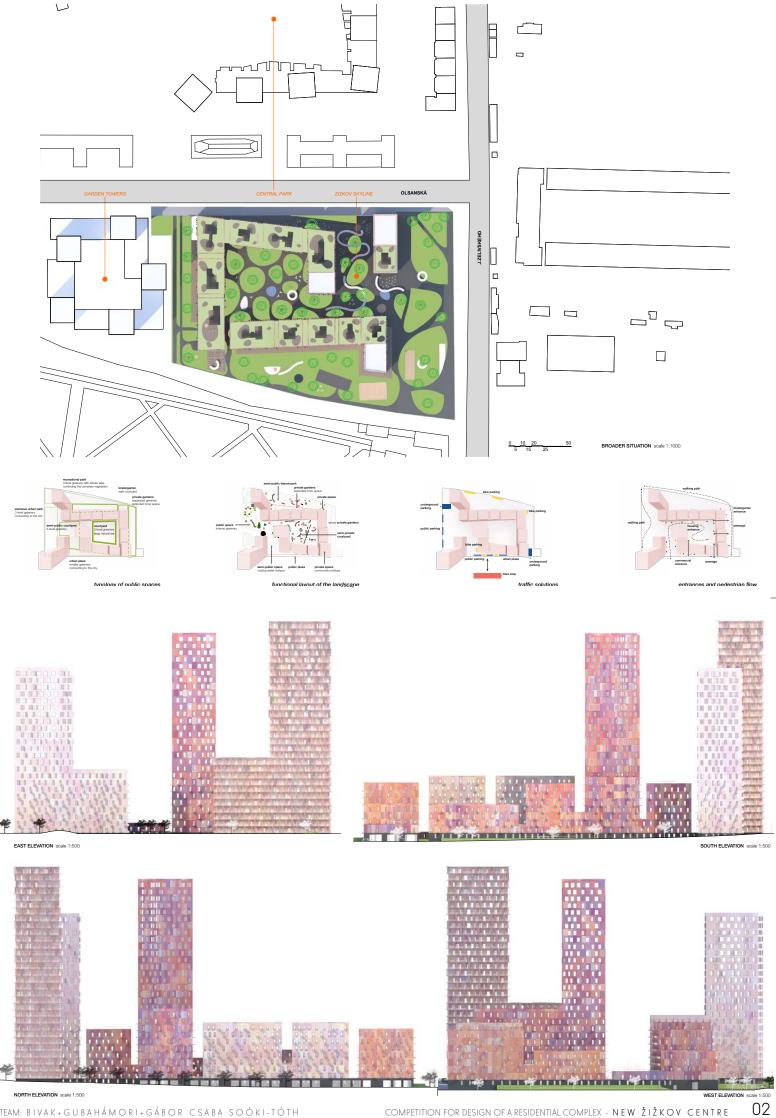


Zižkov Skyline appears as a slim, elegant struct among the slim Prague towers over the rooftop lev



he cladding colours selected blend into the tiled soffine view of the city from a distance







### TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

## STRUCTURES

STRUCTURES
The load bearing structure is monolith reinforced concrete column-wall system. The building foundation is a combination of slabs and piles. Façade walls are also monolith concrete structures with highly effective thermal insulation. The landmark tower has a double-skin façade structure as balconies run along all elevations and a steel frame structure supports mesh steel shading and railings. The other buildings have solid wall surfaces punctuated with balconies and bay windows. Coloured fibre-cement clads the facades.
Partition walls between apartments are monolithic reinforced concrete walls. Partition walls meet requirements for noise insulation of partition structures. Inside the apartments the closure of utility cores and installation front walls as well as partitions of toilets and bathrooms are made of plasterboard structure.

Staircases have prefabricated stair flights on reinforced concrete stair landings. Elevator shafts are monolith cast concrete structures. There are 3 passenger lifts in each tower, while the lower buildings have 2 elevators per vertical shaft operating from the lowest basement storey to highest apartment floor. Parking is provided on three underground levels. Entry through access barrier with system that identifies car licence plate numbers. 5% of parking places are supplied with wall-mounted charging stations. Storage is provided for the apartments either in the basement or on the residential floors.

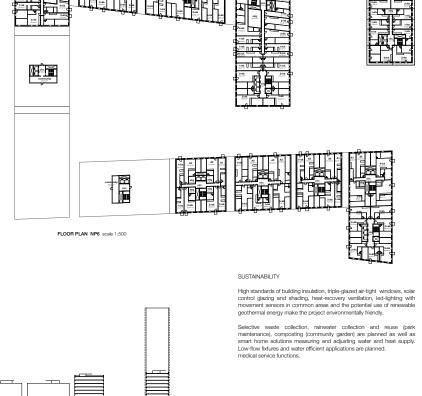
The outdoor common areas are landscaped and contain children's playgrounds, and a sports area including benches, bins, light fittings, bicycle stands, light metal frame canopies and playground and sports equipments.

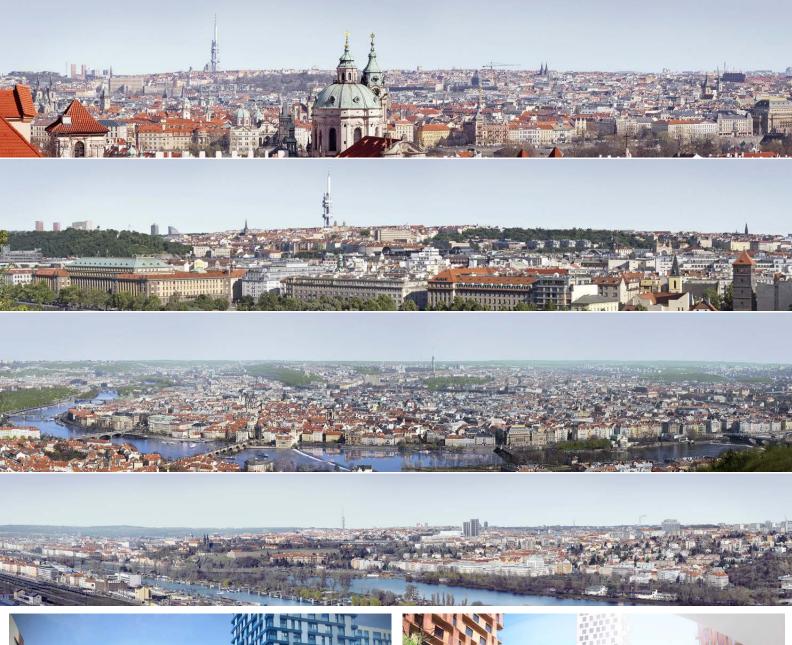
# APARTMENTS

APARTMENTS
The surface finish of interior walls and ceilings in the hall, corridor, living room, bedrooms and kitchen are gypsum plastered white paint. Tile lining to doorframe height in toliets and bathrooms - white paint plaster above lining. Window structures have aluminium sections with heat insulation. Windows glazed with insulation triple glass. At least one window or door open-swivel in each room. Railings are security glazed. Apartment entrance doors are fine-restant 5-point safety doors, while other interior doors are fine-destant 5-point safety doors, while other interior doors are fine-door frame and chipboards. There are wooden floors in hall, corridor, living room and bedroom, gres paving in bathrooms and tolets.

INSTALATIONS
Heating & domestic hot water provided by a hot water heat exchange station in each building. Heating can be provided either by connecting to the district heating network or by geothermal heat pumps. DHM is centrally heated. Apartments heated using ceiling panels (rooms) and floors. Geothermal solution enables summer cooling. Ventilation of apartments is provided via central ventilation system with heat exchange and filtering system glapartments are constantly provided with fresh filtered art, no need to open windows). Electrical installation include heavy current electrical installation with apartment electric meter in communal switchboard on corridors, home switchboard, power supply of internal cooling units and light fitting on loggias and terraces. Weak current electrical installation includes optical lines for selected operators up to individual apartments, where will routers are installed.

Fire water-tanks are located on rooftops and a dry hose system is installed. In the basement sprinklers are installed for fire safety.















ng environment 04







01 - spacious ground floor apartments with private garden facing the recreational green area

02 - middle-high positioned apartment facing the crown level of the inner green courtyard

03 - outdoor space of the kindergarten as a part of the recreational green an

## TYPEOLOGY OF APARTMENTS





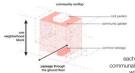
04 - community terraces, storage and gathering spaces, community gardening on the top of



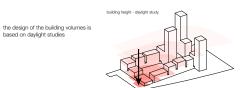
05 - on top of the solitaire building, shaded terraces for each apartments



06 - private terraces in between each building blocks



each volume represents one neighbourhood block with ommunal storage spaces. and community rooftop terrraces with greenery for gatherings and common gardening





each apartment has a either a balcony or bay-window

